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79	.	-13

80		-14
81		-15
82		-16
83	(Analysis Of variance)	-17
84		-18
85	"Stepwise Multiple Regression "	-19
86		-20
87	"Stepwise Multiple Regression "	-21
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## **Abstract**

### **The Impact of the Use of Management Information Systems at the External Control An Empirical Study on the General Auditing Bureau in Saudi Arabia**

**Othman Al Mohaimeed**

**Muta'h University, 2011**

The study aimed at recognizing the use of management information systems and its impact on external control at the General Auditing Bureau in Saudi Arabia. To achieve the aim of the study, self administrated Questionnaire was used to collect the data. It was developed and distributed to a sample of a (480) Questionnaire were distributed in, (371) out of them were found fit for statistical analysis. The statistical package of social science (SPSS, v.16) was used to a analyze the data of the questionnaire, The most important findings of this study were the following:

1. The perceptions of employees in the General Auditing Bureau toward the use of management information systems were at medium level, while their perceptions toward the external control were at high level.
2. There was an impact of the use of management information systems dimensions in external control which explains (51.8%) of deviation in the dependent variable (external control).
3. There were significant differences ( $\alpha \leq 0.05$ ) in the perceptions of the use of management information systems attributed to (job level, academic qualification, age, and experience) variables, and significant differences exist ( $\alpha \leq 0.05$ ) in the perceptions of external control attributed to (academic qualification, age, and experience) variables.

The study recommended the need to cope up with the technical development in the field of information systems and ensure the use of modern equipment, and software, continually update the means and methods used for monitoring as required by the nature of work because of their positive impact on the effectiveness of external control.

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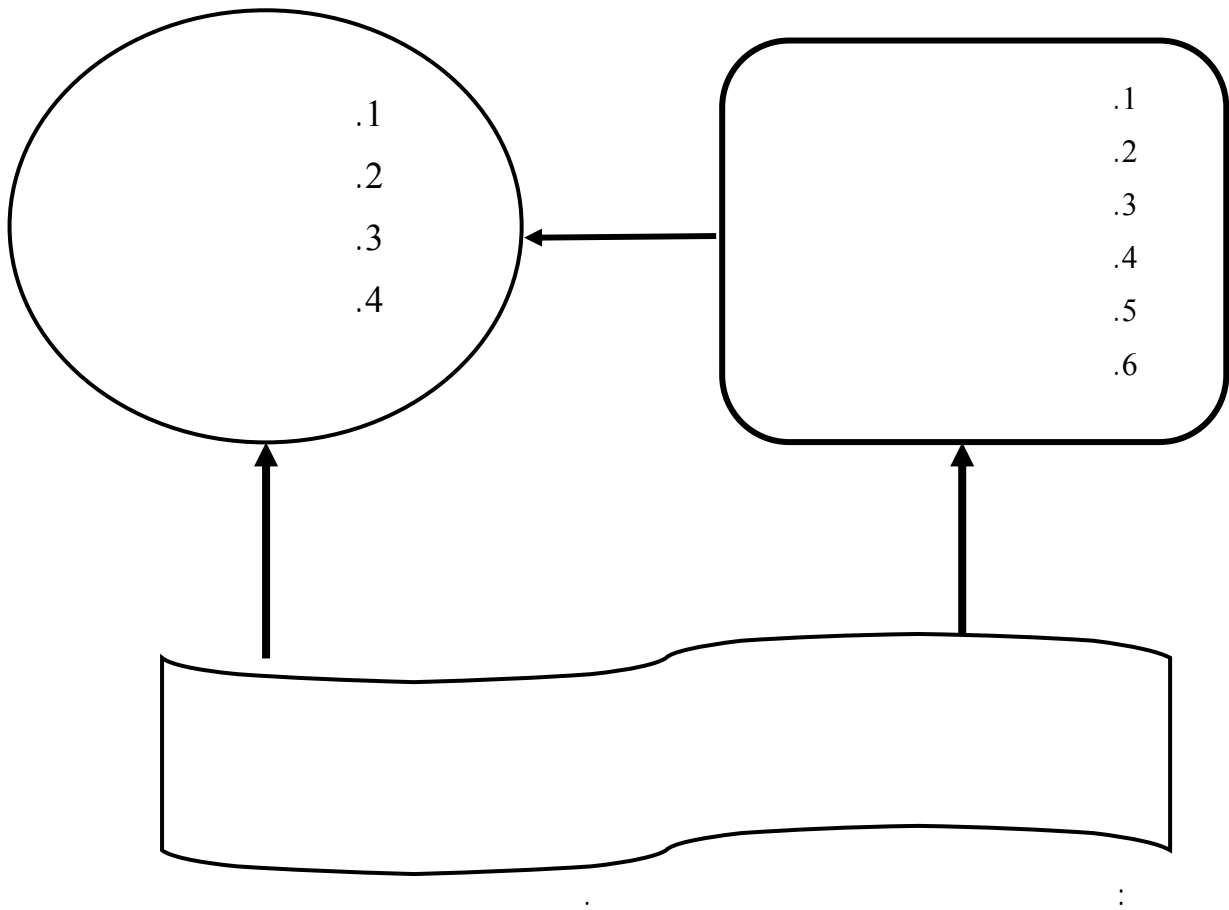
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Romney & others, 2009: ) "

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: (O'Brien, 2002:7)  
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" (Oz , 2002: 15)

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.(Perry & others, 2003: 32)

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**Information as a Resource :**

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**Information as an Asset :**

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**Information as a Commodity :** :

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(Adebayo & Jokipii, 2009)

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(Gerrit & Christopher, 2010)

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(Akhilesh & Calderon, 2009)

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(**COSO**) Committee of Sponsoring Organization

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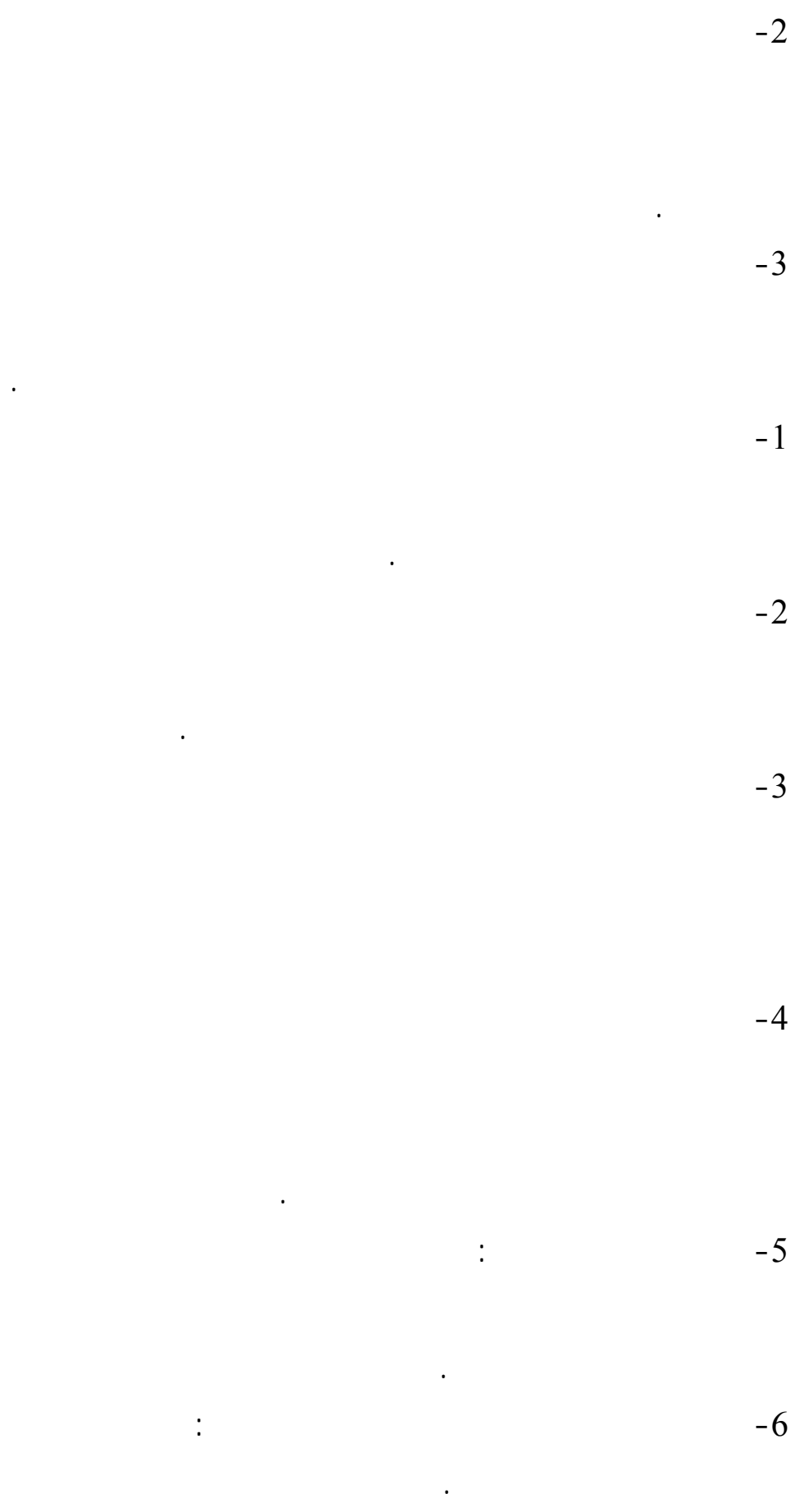
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System Development and

Documentation Control.

Gerrit & ) :

.(Christopher, 2010

**Input Control**

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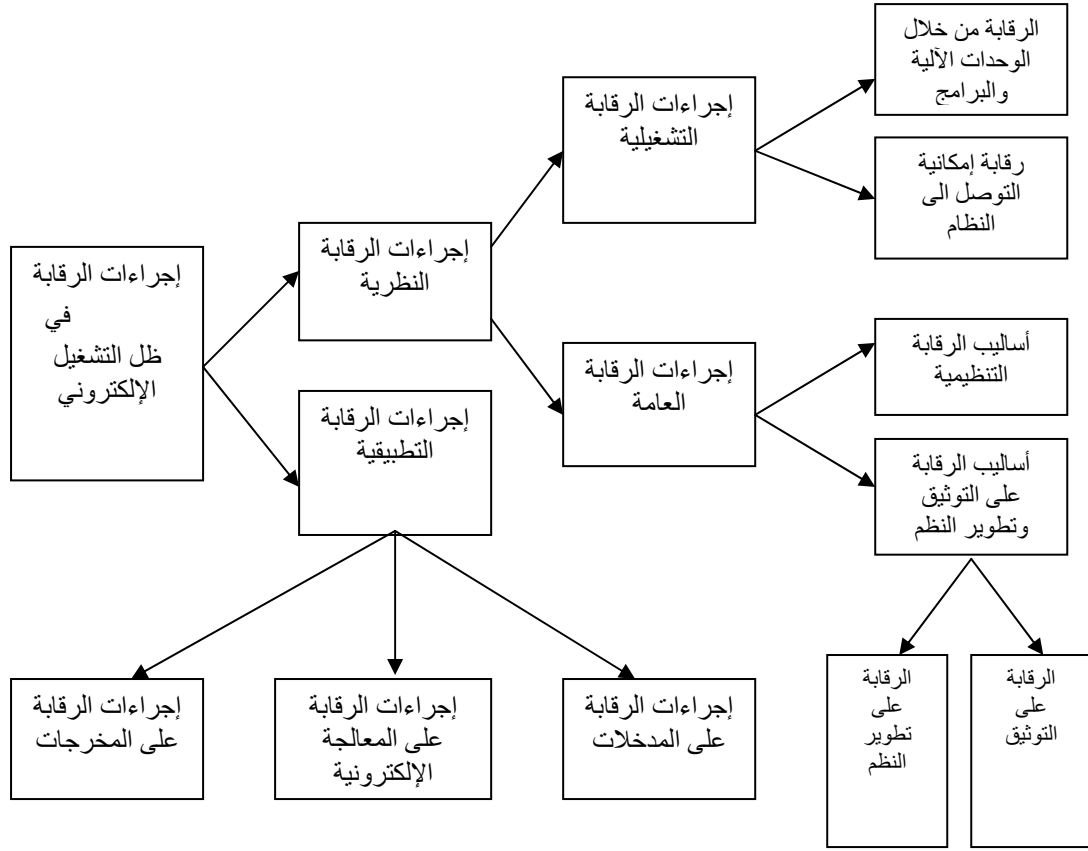
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.(Martin, 2000: 33)

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.(Kochhar,2000:.45)

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.(Rockart et. Al. 1996: 56)

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:(Rockart et. al. 1996 :72-73)

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 User (Ryker & Nath, 2010)  
 Satisfaction Determinants : The Role Of Hardware And Procedural  
 Components  
 (Hardware)  
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 (Regression, Correlation

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**(Alavi & Wheeler, 2010)**

“A Comparison Of Attitudes Toward Computers Among Business Professionals In China Japan And United States,”

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**(Brown et.al, 2009)**

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(F) (Manova)

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“Information (Olalla, 2009)

Technology in Business Process Reengineering”

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(Mitchell & Zmud, 2009)

“The Effects of Coupling IT and Work Process Strategies in

Redesign Projects

(43)

(Akhilesh & Calderon, 2009)

Information intensity, control deficiency risk, and materiality

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"Management Information Systems (David, 2009)

And Strategic Performance: The Role Of Top Team Composition

92

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(Newkirk, et.al., 2008)

The Impact Of Business And IT Change On Strategic Information  
Systems Alignment, Proceedings For The Northeast Region Decision  
Sciences Institute

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Three Essays On **(Lim, 2006)**  
Information Technology And Firm Performance

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" Administrative **(Chhaochharia & Grinstein 2005)**  
Information System and its role in Company observation

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**(Hertenstein,et.al,2000)**

performance measures and management control in new product  
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“on strategy **(Kald,et.al.,2000)**

and management control: the importance of classifying the strategy of  
business”

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Financial Observation, Economic

**(Winkler,2000)**

Growth and Information Systems

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Computerized Information

**(Stevens, et.al, 2000)**

Systems And Public Sector Productivity

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“Factors Affecting the **(Coombs & Clarke,1999)**  
Level of Success of Community Information System

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%26.4	98	
%51.5	191	
%5.9	22	
%75.7	281	
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%19.9	74	30
%36.9	137	40-31
%28.6	106	50-41
%14.6	54	51
%15.6	58	5
%22.6	84	10-6
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%23.2	86	16
%4.6	17	
%7.8	29	
%17.0	63	
%70.6	262	

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<b>Cronbach's Alpha</b>	<b>Test-Retest</b>		
0.85	0.87	5-1	1
0.82	0.84	10-6	2
0.85	0.86	15-11	3
0.84	0.85	21-16	4
0.87	0.88	26-22	5
0.89	0.88	31-27	6
-	-	<b>31-1</b>	<b>6-1</b>
0.85	0.88	36-32	1
0.86	0.89	41-37	2
0.89	0.92	46-42	3
0.89	0.90	50-47	5
-	-	<b>50-32</b>	<b>5-1</b>

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(SPSS.16.1)

(The Statistical Package of Social Sciences)

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(Descriptive Statistic Measures) -1

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(Multiple Regression Analysis) -2

Stepwise Multiple )	-3
(Regression Analysis	
(Variance Inflation Factor)(VIF)	-4
(Tolerance)	
(Multicollinearity)	
(Skewness)	-5
(Normal Distributions)	
(One Way Anova)	-6

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$$\begin{array}{r} 3.5 \\ 3.49 - 2.5 \\ 2.49 - 1 \end{array}$$

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3	0.69	3.37	5-1
4	0.72	3.35	10-6
5	0.74	3.32	15-11
6	0.77	3.28	21-16
2	0.71	3.43	26-22
1	0.63	3.47	31-27
-	0.56	3.37	50-32

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1.01	3.46	.6
1.01	3.39	.7
1.02	3.34	.10
1.00	3.31	.9
1.03	3.26	.8
0.72	3.35	10-6

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0.97	3.56			.12
0.99	3.42			.11
1.01	3.35			.13
1.02	3.21			.15
1.04	3.06			.14
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0.99	3.37	.17
1.01	3.33	.18
0.98	3.29	.19
1.02	3.27	.21
1.03	3.25	.20
1.04	3.19	.16
0.77	3.28	21-16

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0.96	3.51	.23
1.00	3.50	.25
1.04	3.46	.24
1.01	3.36	.26
1.03	3.32	.22
0.71	3.43	26-22

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	0.99	3.53	.28
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0.93	3.87	.33
0.97	3.71	.35
0.99	3.68	.34
0.99	3.62	.36
0.98	3.60	.32
0.53	3.70	36-32

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0.91	3.82	.38
0.94	3.71	.37
0.92	3.64	.40
0.99	3.59	.39
0.99	3.61	.41
0.55	3.67	40-37

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0.96	3.74	.44
0.99	3.65	.45
0.98	3.61	.42
0.99	3.58	.46
1.00	3.56	.43
0.56	3.63	46-42

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0.88	4.01	.50
0.91	3.92	.47
0.93	3.76	.49
0.96	3.63	.48
0.52	3.83	50-47

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Variance ) (VIF) (Multicollinearity)  
 (Tolerance) (Inflation Factory  
 (10) (VIF)  
 (0.05) (Tolerance)  
 (Normal Distribution)  
 (Skewness)  
 (16) .(1)  
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Skewness	Tolerance	VIF
0.625	0.760	1.316
0.624	0.643	1.556
0.616	0.783	1.277
0.781	0.790	1.267
0.786	0.704	1.421
0.546	0.776	1.289

10 (VIF)  
 (Tolerance) (1.556 -1.267)  
 (0.05) (0.790 -0.643)  
 (Multicollinearity)

(Skewness)

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(Analysis Of variance)

F					
F				R <sup>2</sup>	
0.000	*55.64	10.367	63.824	0.518	(364 6)
		0.164	59.480		
0.000	*52.26	15.29	91.743	0.502	(364 6)
		0.251	91.041		
0.000	*36.63	10.94	65.626	0.414	(364 6)
		0.256	92.905		
0.000	*31.29	9.70	58.200	0.376	(364 6)
		0.266	96.452		
0.000	*26.08	8.32	49.893	0.335	(364 6)
		0.273	99.195		

(0.05≥ α)

\*

(17)

(α ≤ 0.01)

(F)

(%51.8)

(363 7)

(%50.2)

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(%41.4)

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(%37.6)

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(%33.5)

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(α ≤ 0.05)

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(18)

	t	Beta	B	
t				
0.000	*4.392	0.184	0.022	0.097
0.002	*3.081	0.140	0.019	0.059
0.004	*2.925	0.121	0.019	0.054
0.007	*2.710	0.118	0.020	0.052
0.000	*4.855	0.201	0.020	0.094
0.000	*6.155	0.262	0.023	0.141
(α ≤ 0.01) *				

(18)

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(t)

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3.081 4.392) (t)

(6.155 4.855 2.7410 2.925  
.(α ≤ 0.01)

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(α ≤ 0.05)

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(19)

"Stepwise Multiple Regression "

*t	t	R <sup>2</sup>
0.000	*6.45	0.287
0.000	*5.25	0.387
0.000	*4.60	0.437
0.000	*3.70	0.479
0.000	*3.22	0.499
0.004	*2.89	0.518

( $\alpha \leq 0.05$ )

\*

Stepwise Multiple )

(Regression

(19)

(%28.7)

(%38.7)

(%43.7)

(%47.9)

(%49.9)

(%51.8)

0.05)

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( $\alpha \leq$



$$\begin{pmatrix} \beta_1 \\ \beta_2 \\ \beta_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.100 \\ 0.198 \\ 0.121 \end{pmatrix} \quad (20)$$

t		Beta		B
0.019	**2.362	0.100	0.027	0.065
0.000	*4.732	0.198	0.023	0.108
0.004	*2.904	0.121	0.021	0.060
0.000	*5.307	0.234	0.025	0.161
0.011	**2.541	0.107	0.024	0.061
0.000	*5.330	0.231	0.028	0.151

$(\alpha \leq 0.01)$  \*  
 $(\alpha \leq 0.05)$  \*\*

(20)

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(t)

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5.307 2.904 4.732) (t)  
 .( $\alpha \leq 0.01$ )  
 ( )

(5.330

(2.541 2.362) (t) (0.107 0.097 0.100) (Beta)  
 .( $\alpha \leq 0.05$ )

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( $\alpha \leq 0.05$ )

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(21)

"Stepwise Multiple Regression "

*t	t	R <sup>2</sup>
0.000	*5.84	0.273
0.000	*5.62	0.384
0.000	*5.10	0.445
0.000	*3.48	0.471
0.000	*2.97	0.491
0.006	*2.74	0.502

( $\alpha \leq 0.05$

\*

Stepwise Multiple )

(Regression

(21)

(%27.3)

(%38.4)

(%44.5)

(%47.1)

(%49.1)

(%50.2)

0.05)

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( $\alpha \leq$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \beta \\ \sigma^2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.109 \\ 0.024 \end{pmatrix} \quad (22)$$

	t	Beta	B	
t				
0.130	***1.519	0.069	0.023	0.035
0.031	**2.170	0.109	0.024	0.052
0.123	***1.546	0.070	0.021	0.030
0.000	*4.025	0.189	0.029	0.116
0.000	*5.170	0.236	0.024	0.126
0.000	*5.735	0.264	0.028	0.159
			( $\alpha \leq 0.01$ )	*
			( $\alpha \leq 0.05$ )	**
			( $\alpha \leq 0.05$ )	***

(22)

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(t)

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$$\begin{pmatrix} 5.170 & 5.170 & 4.025 \end{pmatrix} \quad (t) \quad .(\alpha \leq 0.01)$$

( )

(t) (0.109) (Beta)

$$.(\alpha \leq 0.05) \quad (2.170)$$

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(t)

$$(1.96) \quad (1.546 \quad 1.519)$$

$$: \quad .(\alpha \leq 0.05)$$

$\alpha = 0.05$  ) :  
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 (23)

"Stepwise Multiple Regression "

*t	t	R <sup>2</sup>
0.000	*6.534	0.194
0.000	*5.879	0.310
0.000	*3.402	0.378
0.009	*2.89	0.414

$(\alpha \leq 0.05)$  \*

Stepwise Multiple )  
 (Regression  
 (23)  
 (%19.4)  
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0.05) :

( $\alpha \leq$

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(24)

t	t	Beta	B	
0.132	***1.509	0.070	0.021	0.032
0.021	**2.310	0.110	0.026	0.065
0.067	***1.836	0.086	0.024	0.043
0.001	*3.310	0.171	0.025	0.071
0.000	*4.326	0.204	0.025	0.107
0.000	*5.042	0.244	0.029	0.147

( $\alpha \leq 0.01$ )

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( $\alpha \leq 0.05$ )

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( $\alpha \leq 0.05$ )

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(5.042 4.326 3.310) (t)

.( $\alpha \leq 0.01$ )

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(0.110) (Beta)

.( $\alpha \leq 0.05$ )

(2.310)

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(1.96) (1.509 1.836) (t)

: .( $\alpha \leq 0.05$ )

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) (0.05  $\geq \alpha$ )

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(25)

"Stepwise Multiple Regression "

*t	t	R <sup>2</sup>
0.000	5.313*	0.299
0.000	4.142*	0.342
0.000	5.008*	0.356
0.010	2.602*	0.361
		( $\alpha \leq 0.05$ *

Stepwise Multiple )

(Regression

(25)

(%29.9)

(%34.2)

(%35.6)

(%36.1)

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**0.05)** :

) ( $\alpha \leq$

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(26)

	t	Beta	B	
t				
0.172	***1.368	0.066	0.022	0.029
0.031	**2.166	0.116	0.025	0.053
0.214	***1.246	0.060	0.024	0.030
0.000	*3.514	0.173	0.029	0.101
0.001	*3.335	0.162	0.025	0.083
0.000	*5.092	0.255	0.030	0.151
			( $\alpha \leq 0.01$ )	*
			( $\alpha \leq 0.05$ )	**
			( $\alpha \leq 0.05$ )	***

(26)

) (t)

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(5.092 3.335 3.514) (t)

.( $\alpha \leq 0.01$ )

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(t) (0.116) (Beta)

$(\alpha \leq 0.05)$  (2.166)  
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 (t)  
 (1.96) (1.246 1.368)  
 :  $(\alpha \leq 0.05)$   
 $\alpha 0.05)$  :  
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 (27)

"Stepwise Multiple Regression "

*t	t	R <sup>2</sup>
0.000	*5.653	0.204
0.000	*4.162	0.265
0.000	*4.075	0.300
0.001	*3.241	0.318

$(\alpha \leq 0.05)$

\*

Stepwise Multiple )

(Regression

(27)

(%20.4)

(%26.5)



(%30)

(%31.8)

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$(0.05 \geq \alpha)$

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(One Way Anova)

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(Scheffe Test)

) (T.test)

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(28)

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0.000	*18.72	27.03 0.286	81.309 105.085	(367 3)
0.016	**3.458	1.434 0.496	4.303 182.091	(367 3)
0.000	*36.184	12.318 0.407	36.953 149.441	(367 3)
0.000	*5.131	2.781 0.485	8.344 178.050	(367 3)

$(\alpha \leq 0.01)$

\*

$(\alpha \leq 0.05)$

\*\*

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(28)

( $\alpha = 0.000$ )

( $F = 18.72$ )

( $\alpha \leq 0.05$ )

(Scheffe Test)

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3.57

3.51

\*0.37

\*0.43

3.24

\*0.27

\*0.33

3.14

( $\alpha \leq 0.05$ )

\*

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(28)

(F=3.458)

( $\alpha \leq 0.05$ )

( $\alpha = 0.016$ )

(30)

(Scheffe Test)

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16	15-11	10-6	5
*0.25			3.28
*0.24			3.29
			3.34
			3.53
			( $\alpha \leq 0.05$ )
			*

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(28)

	( $\alpha = 0.000$ )	(F=36.148)
		( $\alpha \leq 0.01$ )
	(Scheffe Test)	
		(31)
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		.( )
	( )	( )
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*0.70	*0.53	3.01
*0.53	*0.36	3.18
		3.54
		3.71

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( $\alpha \leq 0.05$ ) \*

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(28)

(F=5.131)

( $\alpha \leq 0.01$ )

( $\alpha=0.000$ )

(32)

(Scheffe Test)

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51	50 41	40 31	30
*0.53			3.05 30
*0.35			3.23 40 31
*0.34			3.24 50 41
			3.58 51
(α ≤ 0.05)			

\*

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		(33)		
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	(t)		(	)
( $\alpha = 0.443$ )		(0.770)	(t)	
	( $\alpha \leq 0.05$ )			
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		(33)		
			(t)	
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	(t)			
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0.443	*0.770	0.61	3.32	72
		0.65	3.38	269
<hr/>				
		( $\alpha \leq 0.05$ )		*

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**(0.05  $\geq \alpha$ )**

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(34)

(F)				
0.307	**1.205	0.827 1.034	2.482 379.498	(367 3)
0.000	*13.02	6.399 0.989	19.197 362.782	(367 3)
0.001	*5.64	2.856 1.017	8.567 373.413	(367 3)
0.019	*3.33	1.698 1.026	5.094 376.885	(367 3)

$(\alpha \leq 0.05)$

\*

$(\alpha \leq 0.05)$

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$(\alpha=0.307)$

$(F=1.205)$

$(\alpha =0.05)$

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$(\alpha=0.000)$

$(F=13.02)$

$(\alpha =0.05)$

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16) ( 610) (  
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16	1115	610	5
*0.43		3.50	5
*0.37		3.56	610
*0.30		3.63	1115
		3.93	16
(α ≤ 0.05)			*

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( $\alpha = 0.001$ )

( $F = 5.64$ )

( $\alpha = 0.05$ )

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( $\alpha \leq 0.05$ )

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( $\alpha=0.019$ )

( $F=3.33$ )

( $\alpha =0.05$ )

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(3.57) ( 30)

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(3.80)

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51	4150	3140	30
*0.23		3.57	30
		3.59	3140
		3.64	4150
		3.80	51
( $\alpha \leq 0.05$ )			*

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$(\alpha = 0.05)$ 

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(%28.7)

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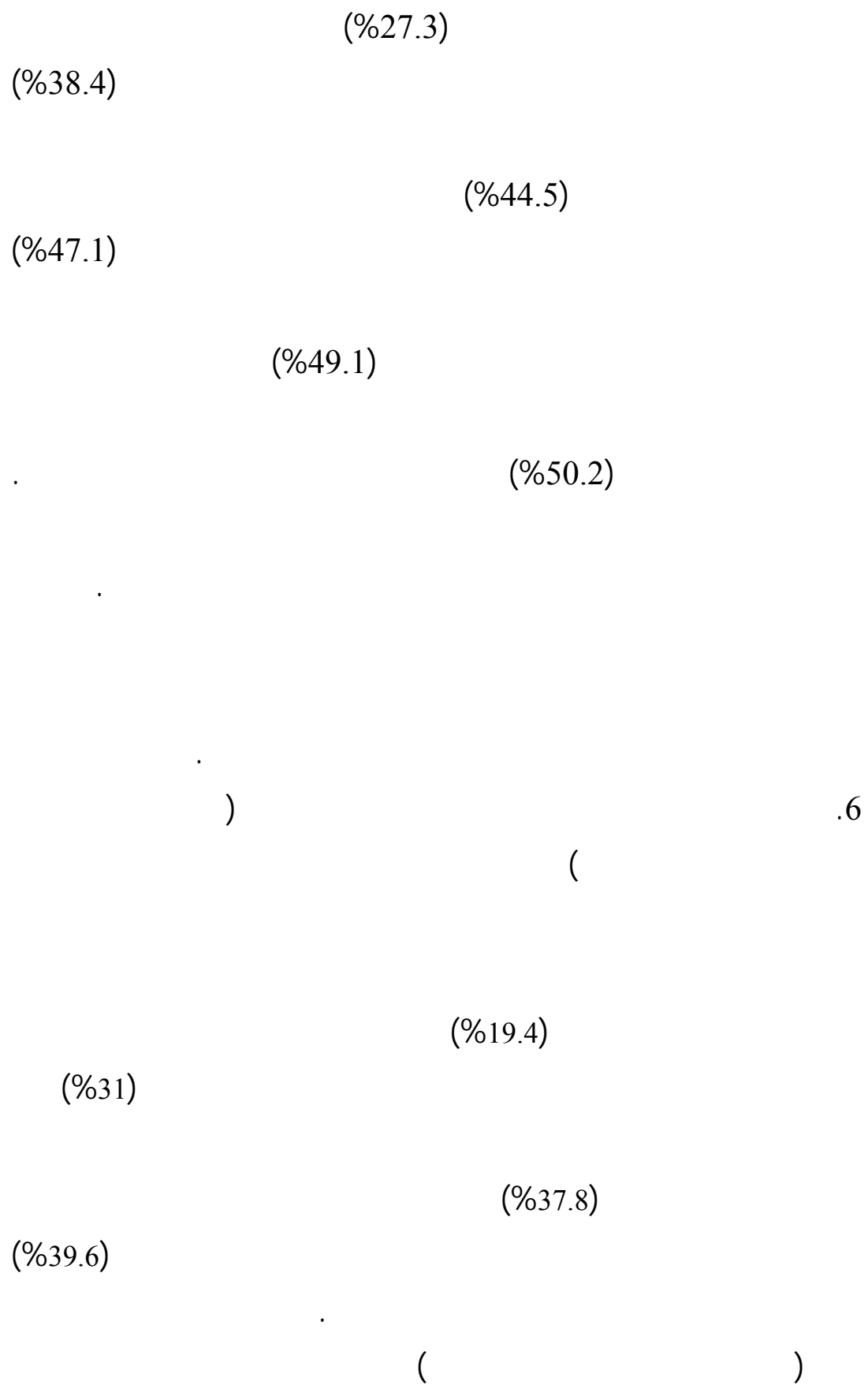
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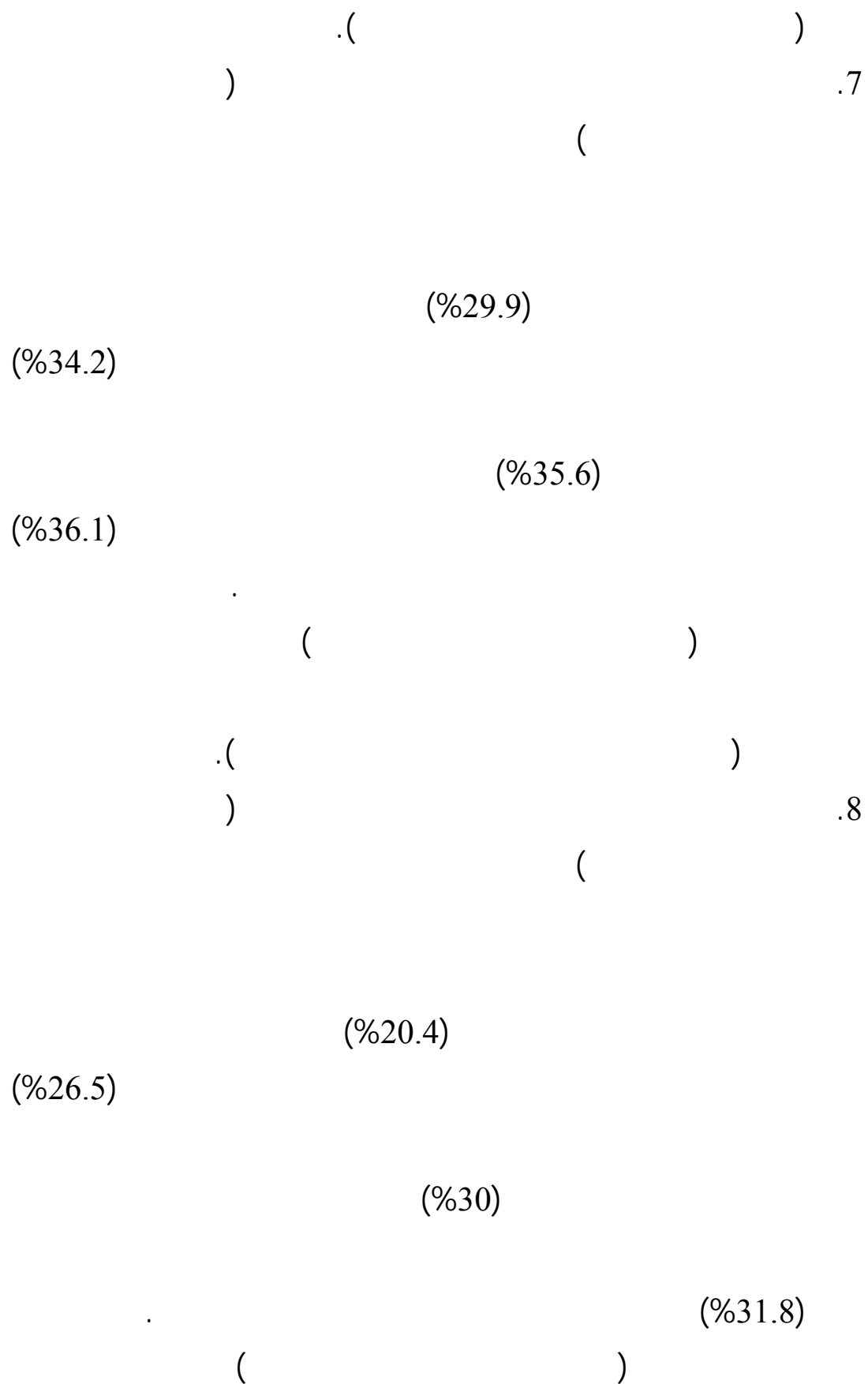
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